

**Tab R. “Means for entering product information that at least partially describes at least one desired item”**

**Claims using this term: claim 1 of the ’172 patent**

**Lawson means-plus-function term 3**

The structure corresponding to this term is linked to portions of the specification of the ’172 patent beginning at 4:12 and ending at 17:51, as shown below.

**Lawson’s Proposed Construction**

**Function:** Entering product information that at least partially describes at least one desired item.

**Means:** Two means for performing this function are disclosed:

**Structure No. 1.** A software means initiated from requisition/purchasing system (40 or 240) running on local computer (20 or 220) that consists of the following step:

a. entering in requisition/purchasing system (40 or 240) certain fields of information (e.g., catalog number, part number, or partial text) that partially describe an item.

**Structure No. 2.** A software means initiated from shell program (52 or 252) running on local computer (20 or 220) that consists of the following steps:

a. displaying a search screen on the monitor of local computer; and

b. entering search criteria (e.g., catalog page number, keyword, part number) for item to be searched.

**Tab R. “Means for entering product information that at least partially describes at least one desired item”**

**Function**

<b><u>Lawson’s Proposed Definition</u></b>	<b><u>Lawson’s Proposed Definition</u></b>
<b>Function:</b> Entering product information that at least partially describes at least one desired item.	“means for entering product information that at least partially describes at least one desired item” (’172 patent, claim 1)

**The parties agree that this is the correct function.**

US 6,505,172 B1

23

24

APPENDIX VIII-continued

RICREQI1		FISHER SCIENTIFIC RIMS REQUISITION MANAGEMENT SCREEN				DATE: 07-29-94
						TIME: 14:54:22
003 13246818F	1	EA	03	0.00	0.00	
DESC: 004 A181-06			QTY AVAIL: 0	LOC: FSHR	WHSE: EDC	
DESC: ACETONE	1	EA	06	100.00	100.00	
JIT BACKORDER WILL OCCUR			QTY AVAIL: 0	LOC:	WHSE: JIT	
005						
DESC: RESPONSE: KEYS(S):			QTY AVAIL: 0	LOC:	WHSE:	
I ITEM(S) PROCESSED						
+ F3:EXIT F6:SOURCE F7:BKWD F8:FWD F9:NEW ITEM F10:NONCAT F11:CATALOG F12:CNCL						
1B V123						

APPENDIX IX

RICPOMP1		FISHER SCIENTIFIC RIMS REQUISITION MANAGEMENT SCREEN				DATE: 08-03-94
						TIME: 07:44:13
COMP ID : 001	REQ-NBR : PO NBR 001					
ACCT NBR : 363690 006	REL-NBR :					
ORDER NBR :		PICKLIST REVIEWED :				
SERVICE : 0.00	ORDER:	0.00	FREIGHT:			
CARRIER :						
O LINE	PART	QTY	UOM	PRD	UNIT PRICE	SERVICE EXT PRICE LOC STAT
001 A181		1	EA	03	35.30 0.00	35.30 DEL S
	ACETONE CERTIFIED ACS	1L		QTY AVAIL: 1		QTY REC: 0
002 02540K		1	PK	01	32.70 0.00	32.70 JIT S
	BEAKER GRIFFIN 250 ML	12/9		QTY AVAIL: 49		QTY REC: 0
003 13246818F		1	EA	03	3495.00 0.00	3495.00 EDC S
	PROGRAMMABLE OVEN			QTY AVAIL: 0		QTY REC: 0
004 A181-06		1	EA	06	100.00 0.00	100.00 JIT S
	ACETONE			QTY AVAIL: 0		QTY REC: 0
RESPONSE: KEY(S):						
+ F3:EXIT F6:ACCEPT F7:BKWD F8:FWD F9:PRINT ACK F11:M/B ERRORS F12 DELETE						
1B V123						

APPENDIX X

*** REQUISITION MANAGEMENT SCREEN ***				40
ACCT NBR: 218848 002	REQ NBR: TEST NEW ONE			
COMP: 001	REL NBR:			
ELECTRONIC SOURCING MESSAGES				
LINE NUMBER	001	PART NUMBER 53610		
PART ADDED SUCCESSFULLY				45
LINE NUMBER	001	PART NUMBER 53610		
REPLACEMENT WAS MADE FOR PRIOR PART: S100-06				
LINE NUMBER	001	PART NUMBER 53610		
VENDOR CHANGED FROM: VN00000001				
LINE NUMBER	002	PART NUMBER 53620		
PART ADDED SUCCESSFULLY				50
LINE NUMBER	003	PART NUMBER 53650		
PART ADDED SUCCESSFULLY				
F6:RETURN F7:BACKWARD F8:FORWARD				

We claim:

1. An electronic sourcing system comprising:  
 a database containing data relating to items associated with at least two vendors maintained so that selected portions of the database may be searched separately;  
 means for entering product information that at least 55  
 partially describes at least one desired item;  
 means for searching for matching items that match the entered product information in the selected portions of the database;  
 means for generating an order list that includes at least 60  
 one matching item selected by said means for searching;

means for building a requisition that uses data obtained from said database relating to selected matching items on said order list;

means for processing said requisition to generate purchase orders for said selected matching items.

2. The electronic sourcing system according to claim 1, wherein the means for searching comprises:

means for searching the database for segments of data relating to items associated with a vendor that contain vendor items that match the product information for said at least one desired item;

means for generating a hit list of such vendor segments; and

means for selectively viewing the vendor segments identified for said hit list, and

wherein the means for generating an order list comprises means for selecting desired items from a vendor segment identified by said hit list.

3. The electronic sourcing system according to claim 1, wherein the means for entering product information fully describes at least one desired item.

4. The electronic sourcing system according to claim 1, further comprising means for determining the applicable price of a selected matching item.

5. The electronic sourcing system according to claim 1, further comprising means for determining whether a selected matching item is available in inventory.

\* \* \* \* \*

**Tab R. “Means for entering product information that at least partially describes at least one desired item”**

**Means: Structure #1**

<u>Lawson's Proposed Definition</u>	<u>Lawson's Proposed Definition</u>
<b>Means:</b> Two means for performing this function are disclosed:	
<b>Structure No. 1.</b> A software means initiated from requisition/purchasing system (40 or 240) running on local computer (20 or 220) that consists of the following step:	<p>“As shown in the embodiment of <b>FIG. 1A</b>, Fisher RIMS 40 and TV/2 search program 50 are run by local computer 20.” (’172 patent, Detailed Description of the Drawings, 4:12-14 (emphasis added))</p> <p><b>Figure 1A</b> shows RIMS (40) running on local computer (20):</p> <p>FIG. 1A (’172 patent, Fig. 1A)</p> <p><b>Figure 1B</b> shows Requisition/Purchasing Program (240) running on local computer (220):</p>

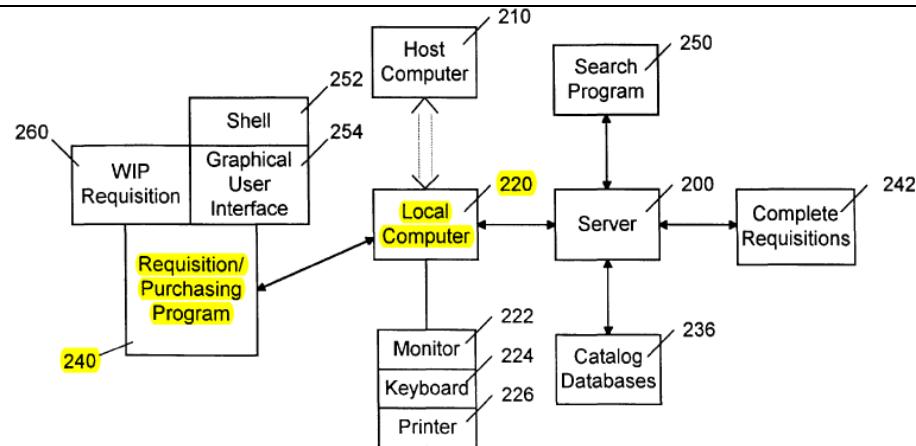


FIG. 1B

('172 patent, Fig. 1B)

“Local computer 20 is preferably capable of running both a RIMS program 44 and Shell program 52 at the same time (i.e., in a multi-tasking environment), but the user of local computer 20 usually sees only RIMS program 44 or Shell program 52 at one time in the foreground on monitor 22.” ('172 patent, Detailed Description of the Drawings, 4:34-39)

“In that environment, search program 250, which preferably comprises TV/2 search program 250, and catalog databases 236 are stored on file server 200. . . . One or more of these may be copied from server 220 when needed.” ('172 patent, Detailed Description of the Invention, 17:33-51)

## US 6,505,172 B1

3

It is a further object of this invention to provide an electronic sourcing system capable of creating an order list including desired catalog items located as the result of such a database search, and transferring that order list to a requisition/purchasing system for generating a requisition including entries for the desired catalog items.

In accordance with the invention, an electronic sourcing system and method used by the system are provided. The system includes a computer that maintains a catalog database of data including product information (such as product identification information, and descriptive information) relating to catalog items available from vendor product catalogs, and a means for building (generating) a requisition including at least one requisitioned item. Information at least partially identifying an item desired to be requisitioned is entered by a user, and utilized by a means for searching the database for catalog items matching that information and for selecting at least one catalog item located as a result of the search. Text describing the catalog items, and images of the items, may be viewed. Data identifying selected catalog items are communicated to the requisition building means, which generates a requisition including entries for items corresponding to the selected catalog items. Additionally, the invention includes a means for checking the availability in one or more inventory locations of the corresponding desired catalog items, and for generating one or more purchase orders for desired items from inventory locations stocking the items.

## BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The above and other objects and advantages of the invention will be apparent from consideration of the following detailed description, taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, in which like reference characters refer to like parts throughout, and in which:

FIG. 1A is a block diagram showing one exemplary embodiment of the overall system of the present invention;

FIG. 1B is a block diagram showing another exemplary embodiment of the overall system of the present invention;

FIG. 1C is a block diagram showing a portion of the embodiment of FIG. 1A in greater detail;

FIG. 2 is a block diagram showing the flow of control and interaction between the various programs and data screens of the programs used for requisition management and vendor catalog searching of the present invention; and

FIG. 3 is a block diagram showing a portion of a system (Fisher RIMS) for requisition management, including the electronic sourcing system of the present invention.

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

FIGS. 1A and 1B show preferred embodiments of the electronic sourcing system 5 of the present invention. As shown in FIG. 1A, a local computer 20, which is preferably located at or near a Customer site and the site of Just-In-Time ("JIT") Inventory, is preferably used by an on-site Customer Service Representative ("CSR") dedicated to a Customer to assist that Customer in requisitioning items needed.

Local computer 20 includes conventional color monitor 22 and alphanumeric keyboard 24 including twelve function keys F1, F2, . . . F12. Local computer is also coupled to printer 26.

Local computer 20 is preferably a conventional microcomputer (such as a 386-, 486- or Pentium-class personal

4

computer) capable of operating the required programs and of transmitting and receiving the required communications, running the OS/2 operating system 32 and also running the CICS OS/2 application 34, both of which are available from IBM.

Electronic sourcing system 5 also includes a requisition/purchasing system 40, preferably but not necessarily the Fisher RIMS system, and a search program 50 that is capable of searching through large volumes of information quickly and accurately. Preferably but not necessarily, the Technical Viewer 2 search program ("TV/2"), available from IBM, is used as search program 50. **As shown in the embodiment of FIG. 1A, Fisher RIMS 40 and TV/2 search program 50 are run by local computer 20.**

10 Fisher RIMS system 40 is comprised of numerous program modules, including several programs 44, which operate within CICS environment 34 of OS/2 operating system 32. Programs 44 include, among others, Requisition Management ("REQI") program 44A, Inventory Sourcing program or programs 44B, Requisition Maintenance program 44C, Customer Variable program 44D, and Order Header program 44E, each of which will later be described in greater detail. REQI program 44A is most often the RIMS program 44 that interfaces with TV/2 search program 50.

15 Fisher RIMS system 40 also includes several Fisher RIMS databases 42. These databases 42 preferably include requisition databases 42A, inventory databases 42B, and customer-specific databases 42C, each maintained within OS/2 operating system 32.

20 Fisher RIMS system 40 also preferably runs Shell program 52, which operates under search program 50 and is used to customize search program 50 to generate Order Lists 48 (shown in FIG. 1C) with particular fields of formatted data about the items selected using search program 50. Local computer 20 is preferably capable of running both a RIMS program 44 and Shell program 52 at the same time (i.e., in a multi-tasking environment), but the user of local computer 20 usually sees only RIMS program 44 or Shell program 52 at one time in the foreground on monitor 22.

25 Local computer 20 is also provided with a catalog database 36 comprised preferably of at least two vendor product catalogs. The catalogs, and hence catalog database 36, preferably include such information as part number, price, catalog number, vendor name or I.D., and vendor catalog number, as well as textual information and images of or relating to the catalog products. The nature of the business that the Customer using electronic sourcing system 5 conducts will determine which product catalogs are made a part of catalog database 36.

30 A feature of the present invention is the ability to search multiple catalogs from different suppliers. For example, catalog database 36 can contain the catalog or catalogs published by a vendor Distributor, having Distributor's catalog numbers for all listed products and vendor manufacturer's part numbers for many of the listed products. Catalog database 36 can further contain catalogs published by some of the vendor manufacturers, listing the manufacturers' part numbers for certain products correspondingly listed in the Distributor's catalogs and for certain products not listed in the Distributor's catalogs. Catalog database 36 can further contain catalogs published by outside suppliers, whether other manufacturers or other distributors, listing such vendor's products different from those in the Distributor's catalogs.

35 Where the Fisher RIMS system is in use with electronic sourcing system 5, a host computer 10 located at a Distribu-

## US 6,505,172 B1

17

In some embodiments, a Customer end user or a Customer purchasing employee operating REQI program 44A of Fisher RIMS system 40 may also operate TV/2 search program 50. Operating either from a terminal connected to local computer 20, or from a separate local computer networked with the CSR's local computer 20, such a Customer end user can select requisitioned items for inclusion in Requisition Item Table 46 by keystrokes viewing that screen and by searches in TV/2 search program 50 which are transmitted to the Requisition Item Table 46 via interface 60, as described above. Depending upon his or her authorization level and access code to Fisher RIMS system 40, the customer purchasing employee may be able to source the final requisition and/or accept the sourced requisition, as shown in Appendix IX. If, however, the sourced requisition was split into more purchase orders than the Customer purchasing employee might prefer, the intervention of the Distributor CSR could be invoked to revise and re-source the requisition (causing, for example, certain items originally sourced as type 01 products to be sourced for this order as corresponding type 03 products from a common Distributor warehouse with other type 03 products on the requisition). The Customer end user may have authority only to build the Requisition Item Table, but then calls the Distributor CSR or Customer purchasing employee to source and accept the requisition.

As shown in FIG. 1B, the present invention also has application to Distributor's regional customer service locations where a large number of CSRs may be placing orders directly on Distributor's host computer 210 for thousands of different customers who call in. **In that environment, search program 250, which preferably comprises TV/2 search program 250, and catalog databases 236 are stored on file server 200.** In this environment, file server 200 is a large personal computer, a work station or a mini-computer such as an IBM AS/400. Alternatively, the server 200 and a minicomputer (such as an IBM AS/400) can be independently connected to each local computer 200. Each CSR has a local personal computer 220 having a monitor 222, a keyboard 224 and a printer 226. Local computer 220 is provided with programs including requisition/purchasing program 240, Shell program 252 and a graphic user interface 254 (preferably EASEL Workbench program 254 for OS/2) for listing items. One or more of these may be copied from server 220 when needed. Work-in-progress requisitions 260 are established for each customer and are attached to graphic user interface 254. Server 200 maintains complete requisitions 242, in a manner similar to the manner in which local computer 20 maintains requisition databases 42 in the embodiment shown in FIG. 1A.

Normally, in such an environment, the CSR creates Order lists for customers by entering Distributor catalog numbers into graphic user interface 254 and connecting to the Distributor mainframe 210 for price and availability. For this purpose, each local computer is connected to host computer 210 via a phone/dataline and either a gateway or a mini-computer acting as a local host. When a customer asks for products by manufacturer part number or a competitor's catalog number, the CSR has access to cross-reference files, as earlier described, either maintained on the local host or maintained on the Distributor host computer 210.

18

Appropriate Distributor catalogs and manufacturer catalogs then are consulted, using TV-2 search program 250 and proper selection of Distributor catalogs and of catalogs and bulletins from manufacturers whose products Distributor regularly sells. Catalogs and bulletins are contained in catalog database 236. The resultant lists of products are then transferred by Shell program 252 to a work-in-progress requisition 260, and then entered from graphical user interface 254 directly onto Distributor's mainframe computer 210 as orders from the applicable customer to Distributor. The CSR, knowing which items are available from which Distributor warehouse and direct-shipping supplier, then may divide the customer's requested items into multiple orders, so as to assure that each order is completely filled by a single shipment. In this regional environment, file server 200 or the minicomputer acting as local host can maintain files of completed requisitions 242 which can be subsequently used for generating reports for customers in the region. Reports can be generated either from such local data or from data periodically downloaded to the local host from Distributor's host computer 210.

Another environment where the present invention can be used is in Distributor's purchasing department. The item lists created in that environment can include lists of items Distributor does not regularly stock or purchase, but for which particular customers indicate a requirement to buy. The file server 200 in that environment contains TV-2 search program 250, EASEL graphical user interface 254 and multiple catalog databases 236 containing catalogs similar to the Fairmont and NIST catalogs described above for the embodiment of FIG. 1A. The Distributor purchasing employee can receive by phone or via Distributor's host computer 210 requests for items not shown on Distributor's host databases either as regular products (type 03) or third party items purchased for particular customers on a regular basis (type 07 items). Transmitting certain such requirements to the applicable Distributor purchasing employee can be a function of the inventory sourcing routines of host computer, or may be directed by the Distributor CSR interfacing with the customer.

The Distributor purchasing employee can search appropriate catalogs using TV-2 search program 250, and can transfer the "Items Selected" to a product list in EASEL interface 254. The resultant list might display, for example, supplier part number, supplier, list price, product and catalog page, with access to other fields such as complete description (up to 500 characters). The Distributor purchasing employee can then either forward the information to the CSR, customer end user or customer purchasing employee who requested the item (to confirm that the requirement is being met) or contact the supplier to confirm pricing and availability. Once responses from either or both have been obtained, the Distributor purchasing employee can use the item list in EASEL interface 254 to create one or more of the following purchase orders:

- 60 1. an order from the customer to the supplier (an Administrative Purchase);
2. an order from the customer to Distributor (for a type 07 product); and
3. an order from the Distributor to the supplier (usually providing for direct shipment from the supplier to the customer or to a JIT site maintained by Distributor for the customer).

**Tab R. “Means for entering product information that at least partially describes at least one desired item”**

**Means: Structure #1**

<u>Lawson's Proposed Definition</u>	<u>Lawson's Proposed Definition</u>
<p><b>Part 1a.</b> entering in requisition/purchasing system (40 or 240) certain fields of information (e.g., catalog number, part number, or partial text) that partially describe an item.</p>	<p>“At the bottom of Requisition Management data screen 110 (FIG. 3), and Appendices II, VIII and IX) are several fields which describe the function of various function keys (F1, F2, etc.). <b>The user uses REQI program 44A</b> and its associated Requisition Management data screen 110 <b>to enter the catalog or part numbers</b> and quantities of the various items being requisitioned.” (’172 patent, Detailed Description of the Invention, 7:49-55 (emphasis added))</p> <p style="text-align: right;">FIG. 3 (’172 patent, Fig. 3)</p>

APPENDIX II									
** REQUISITION MANAGEMENT SCREEN **									
ACCT NBR: 218848 002 REQ NBR: TEST NEW ONE									
COMP: 1 REL NBR:									
S LINE STOCK NBR QTY UM PT STKRM XREF SPI UNIT PRICE EXT PRICE									
001 13246818F 0 CS 03 0.00 0.00									
DESC: QTY AVAIL: 0 LOC: FSHR WHSE: BLW									
002									
DESC: QTY AVAIL: LOC: WHSE:									
003									
DESC: QTY AVAIL: LOC: WHSE:									
004									
DESC: QTY AVAIL: LOC: WHSE:									
005									
DESC: QTY AVAIL: LOC: WHSE:									
RESPONSE: KEY(S):									
ALL ITEMS DISPLAYED									
F3:EXIT F6:SOURCE F7:BKWD F8:FWD F9:NEW F10:NONCAT F11: CATALOG F12:CNCL									
('172 patent, Appendix II)									
APPENDIX VIII									
RICREQI1 FISHER SCIENTIFIC RIMS DATE: 07-29-94									
REQUISITION MANAGEMENT SCREEN TIME: 14:54:22									
ACCT NBR: 363690 006 REQ NSR: PO NBR 001									
COMP: 1 REL NBR:									
0 LINE STOCK NBR QTY UM PT STKRM XREF SPI UNIT PRICE EXT PRICE									
001 A181 1 EA 03 0.00 0.00									
DESC: QTY AVAIL: 0 LOC: FSHR WHSE: EDC									
002 02540K 1 PK 01 0.00 0.00									
DESC: QTY AVAIL: 49 LOC: WHSE: JIT									
APPENDIX VIII-continued									
RICREQI1 FISHER SCIENTIFIC RIMS DATE: 07-29-94									
REQUISITION MANAGEMENT SCREEN TIME: 14:54:22									
003 13246818F 1 EA 03 0.00 0.00									
DESC: QTY AVAIL: 0 LOC: FSHR WHSE: EDC									
004 A181-06 1 EA 06 100.00 100.00									
DESC: ACETONE QTY AVAIL: 0 LOC: WHSE: JIT									
JIT BACKORDER WILL OCCUR									
005									
DESC: QTY AVAIL: 0 LOC: WHSE:									
RESPONSE: KEYS(S):									
I ITEM(S) PROCESSED									
+ F3:EXIT F6:SOURCE F7:BKWD F8:FWD F9:NEW ITM F10:NONCAT F11: CATALOG F12:CNCL									
1B V123									
('172 patent, Appendix VIII)									
"For example, in the exemplary Requisition Management data screen 110 shown in <b>Appendix II</b> , the number 218848 has been entered in the Account Number field, and the notation 'TEST NEW ONE' has been <b>entered</b> in the Requisition Number field. The user can next enter desired items and quantities for the requisition. Each desired item may be identified by <b>entering</b> its distributor catalog or part number, if known, in the field below the STOCK NBR label on the appropriate line in Requisition Item Table 46 shown on Requisition management data screen 110."									
('172 patent, Detailed Description of the Invention, 7:61 – 8:4 (emphasis added))									

	<p>“Or, the user may have relevant information about an item from a particular vendor but may wish to locate information about the same or a similar product available from other vendors.” (‘172 patent, Detailed Description of the Invention, 8:22-25)</p> <p>“. . . associated Requisition Management data screen 110 of Fisher RIMS system 40.” (‘172 patent, Detailed Description of the Invention, 11:62-63)</p>
--	---

## Tab R: "Means for entering product information that at least partially describes at least one desired item"

US 6,505,172 B1

7

enter a Requisition Number in the appropriate field of the Order Header screen 100. Various additional information may also be entered.

At the bottom of Order Header data screen 100 are several fields that describe the function of various function keys. Function keys F6, F9, and F10 all cause the system to jump to a new RIMS program 44 or data screen in Fisher RIMS system 40. For example, pressing the F9 key causes the system to jump to RIMS Customer Variable program 44E (FIG. 1A) and its associated Customer Variable Header data screen 104 (FIG. 3). Customer Variable Header program 44E with its associated Customer Variable Header data screen 104 allows the user to enter and edit information that the particular customer desires to be associated with the requisition due to requirements of the customer's internal accounting system or other systems. Pressing the F10 key will cause the system to enter the Inventory Sourcing program or programs 44B.

Pressing the F6 function key from the Order Header data screen causes Fisher RIMS system 40 to jump to REQI program 44A (FIG. 1A). The screen associated with REQI program 44A is Requisition Management data screen 110 (FIG. 3) illustrated in Appendix II. Within REQI program 44A and its associated Requisition Management data screen 110, Requisition Item Table 46 (shown in FIG. 1C) is a graphical representation of a database table in which certain fields are completed on a list of items that are to be listed, sourced and ordered. Representative Requisition Management data screens 110 showing a Requisition on Requisition Item Table 46 are set forth in Appendices II, VIII and IX. It should be appreciated that data about each item is stored in Requisition Item Table 46, some of which is displayed on the screens shown in Appendices II, VIII and IX. The data stored can additionally include customer variable data. That is, the fields on Requisition Item Table 46 can be expanded to include specific item details used by a particular customer, especially when reports from requisition databases are transferred to the customer's host computer (not shown). The field structure for these data is maintained in customer-specific databases 42C.

The entire process of listing, sourcing and ordering products using Fisher RIMS system 40 can be completed without any reference to a search program 50. As described herein, however, limited fields on specific items can be transmitted from Requisition Item Table 46 to search program 50, and more completed fields of the same or different items can be received from the search program 50 into a Requisition Item Table 46.

At the bottom of Requisition Management data screen 110 (FIG. 3), and Appendices II, VIII and IX) are several fields which describe the function of various function keys (F1, F2, etc.). The user uses REQI program 44A and its associated Requisition Management data screen 110 to enter the catalog or part numbers and quantities of the various items being requisitioned.

The Account Number and Requisition Number are automatically passed to REQI program 44A and its associated Requisition Management data screen 110, and displayed at the top of the Requisition Management data screen 110 in the relevant fields. For example, in the exemplary Requisition Management data screen 110 shown in Appendix II, the number 218848 has been entered in the Account Number field, and the notation "TEST NEW ONE" has been entered in the Requisition Number field.

The user can next enter desired items and quantities for the requisition. Each desired item may be identified by

8

entering its distributor catalog or part number, if known, in the field below the STOCK NBR label on the appropriate line in Requisition Item Table 46 shown on Requisition management data screen 110. In the sample Requisition Management data screen 110 shown in Appendix II, the part number 13246818F has been entered in the STOCK NBR field of Line 001. Once the user has entered such information at least partially describing a desired item on Requisition Management data screen 110, he or she may wish to initiate a search of catalog database 36 to find all the part numbers contained in catalog database 36 that match the part number entered or other information on Requisition Management screen 110. If so, the user enters the letter "S" (for "Select") on the line number of the item that he or she wishes to search in catalog database 36. The letter "S" has been entered to the left of line 001 on the sample Requisition Management data screen 110 shown in Appendix II. Any number of items, or no items, listed on Requisition Management data screen 110 may be marked with "S."

A user may not always have information relating to the catalog or part number for the particular items that are to be requisitioned using Fisher RIMS system 40. Or, the user may have relevant information about an item from a particular vendor but may wish to locate information about the same or a similar product available from other vendors. Or, the user may simply know the name of the item that he or she wishes to requisition. In any of these cases, the user alternatively or additionally could enter text at least partially describing the product to be requisitioned in the "DESC" field of Requisition Management data screen 110 (e.g., Appendix II). Then, the user would initiate the electronic sourcing system 5 of the present invention to search the vendor product catalogs contained in catalog database 36.

Alternatively, the user could initiate search program 50 of electronic sourcing system 5 without having first entered information in RIMS system 40 about the product to be requisitioned.

Once the user has built or partially built Requisition Item Table 46 by filling the line numbers (entries) on Requisition Management data screen 110 and selecting those lines to be searched, he or she is now ready to initiate electronic sourcing system 5. Pressing the F11 function key, which is labelled "Catalog," from Requisition Management screen 110 accesses electronic sourcing system 5.

Referring now to FIG. 2, after the user presses the F11 key on Requisition Management data screen 110 of Fisher RIMS system 40, Fisher RIMS system 40 will pass program control via XCTL 74 to ESRC program 70. XCTL 74 is a protocol within CICS application 34 that directs the execution of a program, as would readily be understood by one of ordinary skill in the art. As control is passed from REQI program 44A to ESRC program 70, ESRC-Comm-AREA data structure 76 is passed. ESRC-Comm-AREA is a layout of storage area in local computer 20 created by REQI program 44A to pass data to ESRC program 70, as would readily be understood by one of ordinary skill in the art. ESRC program 70 will then LINK 82 to ESCP program 80 with ESCP-Comm-AREA 84. LINK 82 is a protocol within CICS application 32 that directs the execution of a program, as would readily be understood by one of ordinary skill in the art. Data at least partially describing one item desired to be requisitioned is passed to ESCP program 80 via LINK 82. Thus, if there are five items to be passed to ESCP program 80, there will be five LINKS 82 made. If no items are to be passed to ESCP program 80, only one LINK 82 is made to ESCP program 80. ESCP program 80 can return up to twenty items per LINK 82; in other words, for each item desired to

## US 6,505,172 B1

11

can be used to bring up for viewing on monitor 22, or printing on printer 26, images and text from the catalog page on which the item selected is located. For example, as shown in Appendix III, page 1106 of the Fisher catalog has been selected. If the user double clicks on highlighted page 1106, the text shown in Appendix IV (and related images, not shown) would appear on monitor 22. On the sample screen shown in Appendix IV, the item that appears on page 1106 of the Fisher catalog relates to Fisher Isotemp 800 Series Programmable Ovens. Conventional scroll bars appearing on the screen (not shown in Appendix IV) enable the user to scroll through additional catalog information (text and/or images) not yet displayed on the screen. An example of such additional textual information is depicted on the screen shown in Appendix V.

On the screen of Appendix V, the vendor distributor's catalog number ("Cat. No.") 13-246-818F is highlighted. The catalog number of an item normally appears in blue in a screen such as Appendix V. This blue lettering is used for catalog numbers, trademarks, footnotes and other entries for which database 36 contains additional information or cross-references (called hyperlinks). When a search is conducted and the catalog segments of the resultant hit list are reviewed, the text corresponding to the search parameter is highlighted in red. Thus, in Appendix V, catalog number 13-246-818F (identified in the search) appears in red, while catalog number 13-246-838F and the trademark Isotemp each appear in blue. A word, vendor part number or catalog number located by the search will appear red, even if that word or number did not have an associated hyperlink (and thus is not normally blue).

When in search program 50, particular items selected can be added to an Order List 48 pending in Shell 52 and search program 50. When the Ordering portion of catalog text is viewed (as in Appendix V), particular items can be selected so as to be added to the Order List 48 by double clicking on the highlighted catalog number (even if a different field was also highlighted as a result of a search of catalog database 36). The item is then added to an Order List 48 that is created in Shell 52 via a hypertext link. The items that are sent to the Order List 48 are collected and shown on the Items Selected screen of Shell 52. An example of an Items Selected screen of Shell 52 is shown in Appendix VI. The Items Selected screen depicts certain fields of Order List 48 that can be viewed and edited within search program 50. For example, Shell 52 permits the user via a pop-up window (not shown) to select units, e.g. pack or case, and quantity to be ordered, e.g. two packs. Alternatively, the data in these fields can default to one of the smallest unit and the units can be changed when the order is reviewed in REQI program 44A. Additional fields on the same items are also present in memory at this stage. Upon clicking on "Order" when the Items Selected screen (Appendix VI) is viewed, many or all of these fields on the items in the Order List are transmitted back to REQI program 44A (via the programs of interface 60 shown in FIG. 2) to be added to the pending Requisition Item Table 46. The sample Items Selected screen shown in Appendix VI includes the Isotemp Oven with catalog number 1324818F that was located as a result of the search for all items in catalog database 36 that match the part number 13246818F that was entered in the STOCK NBR field of REQI program 44A and its associated Requisition Management data screen 110 of Fisher RIMS system 40.

The following fields are transferred to Order List 48 created in TV/2 search program 50: Vendor name, vendor number, vendor part (catalog) number, product description, list price, page number, quantity, unit and catalog text.

12

However, not all of these fields are viewed on the Items Selected screen.

If more than one item on Requisition Management data screen 110 had been marked with an "S," the process described above is repeated.

If the user desires to do additional searching in catalog database 36 that is not connected to catalog or other items that have been listed on Requisition Management data screen 110 of Fisher RIMS system 40, he or she can click the box on footer bar of Shell 52 that is labelled "Search." Then, a Search screen comes up on monitor 22 of local computer 20. An exemplary Search screen is shown in Appendix VII. In this screen, the usual footer bar is visible in the background, but is not active.

Using the Search screen, a user can search catalog database 36 by page, text description, part number (where the user has the further option to search by Fisher part number, for example if Fisher is to be the desired vendor), Vendor part number, vendor name (for vendors other than Fisher), or bulletin. Stock numbers specific to the customer can also be present in catalog database 36 and searched using the screen of Appendix VII. "Bulletin" refers to an additional vendor publication with detailed product information that may not be included in a vendor catalog. Searching for information contained in bulletins may be done by bulletin number, but only if bulletins have been made a part of catalog database 36. For purposes of this disclosure, bulletins when included in a catalog database are considered a type of catalog.

After the user has entered the field to be searched on the Search Screen, the user clicks on the "SEARCH" box near the bottom of the Search Screen. A Hit List 47 indicating all items from catalog database 36 that match the search field that was entered on the Search Screen then is generated. Then, in a manner similar to that described previously, the user can scroll through the Hit List 47 and double click on the catalog page or panel desired. The user may then also view the detailed information located on the catalog page that was selected from the Hit List 47. During the search, the user may also add additional items to the Order List 48 being built in Shell 52 if desired, whether those additional items had been selected from the Hit List 47 or not.

The Order List that the user has built in Shell 52 is maintained on the Items Selected screen, shown in Appendix VI. From the Items Selected screen, the user can cancel the order by clicking on the "Cancel" box at the bottom of the screen, delete an item from the Order List 48 by moving the pointer bar to the item to be deleted and then clicking on the "Delete" box at the bottom of the screen, or delete all items by clicking on the "Delete All" box. The user can also view catalog text and images for a particular item by clicking on the "Description" box.

Once the user has completely built the Order List 48 within Shell 52 and TV/2 search program 50, he or she can transmit it to Fisher RIMS system 40. This is accomplished by clicking on the "Order" box at the bottom of the Items Selected screen to communicate the completed Order List 48 to Fisher RIMS system 40.

The user may have selected no items, one item or several items from the catalogs contained in catalog database 36 by using TV/2 search program 50. If no items have been selected, the original items that were entered on Requisition Item Table 46 of Requisition Management data screen 110 will remain on that screen and will continue to be processed by Fisher RIMS system 40. If one or several desired catalog items were selected in TV/2 search program 50, the first item selected will replace the original item on Requisition Item Table 46 of Requisition Management data screen 110. Addi-

**Tab R. “Means for entering product information that at least partially describes at least one desired item”**

**Means: Structure #2**

<u>Lawson's Proposed Definition</u>	<u>Lawson's Proposed Definition</u>
<p><b>Means:</b> Two means for performing this function are disclosed:</p>	
<p><b>Structure No. 2.</b> A software means initiated from shell program (52 or 252) running on local computer (20 or 220) that consists of the following steps:</p>	<p>“Alternatively, the user could initiate search program 50 of electronic sourcing system 5 without having first entered information in RIMS system 40 about the product to be requisitioned.” (’683 patent, Detailed Description of the Invention, 8:29-32)</p> <p><b>Figure 1A</b> shows the shell program (52) running on local computer (20) and keyboard (24) at local computer (20):</p> <p><b>FIG. 1A</b> (’683 patent, Fig. 1A)</p> <p><b>Figure 1B</b> shows shell program (252) running on local computer (220). The search is initiated at the keyboard (224) of local computer (220). The keyboard is the only structure shown and described:</p>

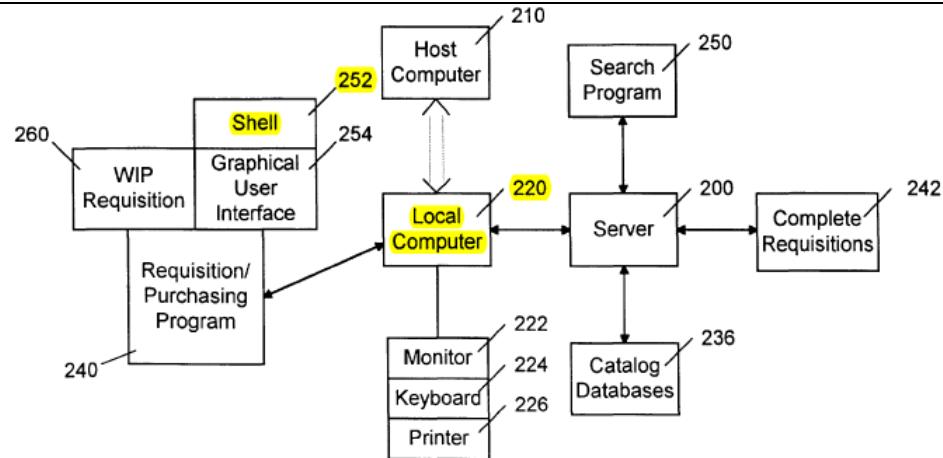


FIG. 1B  
('683 patent, Fig. 1B)

**“Local computer 20 also preferably runs Shell program 52, which operates under search program 50 and is used to customize search program 50 to generate Order Lists 48 (shown in FIG. 1C) with particular fields of formatted data 30 about the items selected using search program 50. Local computer 20 is preferably capable of running both a RIMS program 44 and Shell program 52 at the same time (i.e., in a multi-tasking environment), but the user of local computer 20 usually sees only RIMS program 44 or Shell program 52 at one time in the foreground on monitor 22.”** ('683 patent, Detailed Description of the Invention, 4:26-35 (emphasis added))

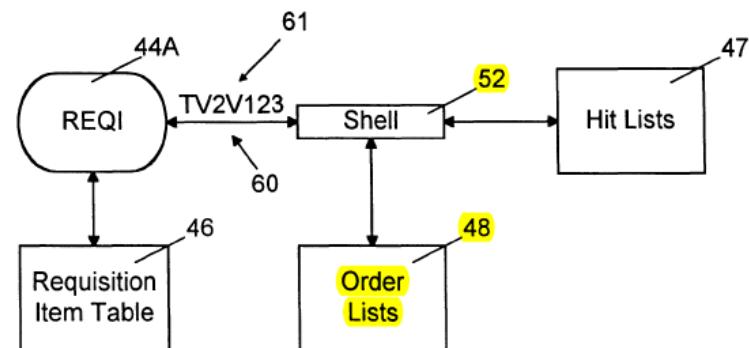


FIG. 1C  
('683 patent, Fig. 1C)

6,023,683

7

Function keys F6, F9, and F10 all cause the system to jump to a new RIMS program 44 or data screen in Fisher RIMS system 40. For example, pressing the F9 key causes the system to jump to RIMS Customer Variable program 44E (FIG. 1A) and its associated Customer Variable Header data screen 104 (FIG. 3). Customer Variable Header program 44E with its associated Customer Variable Header data screen 104 allows the user to enter and edit information that the particular customer desires to be associated with the requisition due to requirements of the customer's internal accounting system or other systems. Pressing the F10 key will cause the system to enter the Inventory Sourcing program or programs 44B.

Pressing the F6 function key from the Order Header data screen causes Fisher RIMS system 40 to jump to REQI program 44A (FIG. 1A). The screen associated with REQI program 44A is Requisition Management data screen 110 (FIG. 3) illustrated in Appendix II. Within REQI program 44A and its associated Requisition Management data screen 110, Requisition Item Table 46 (shown in FIG. 1C) is a graphical representation of a database table in which certain fields are completed on a list of items that are to be listed, sourced and ordered. Representative Requisition Management data screens 110 showing a Requisition on Requisition Item Table 46 are set forth in Appendices II, VIII and IX. It should be appreciated that data about each item is stored in Requisition Item Table 46, some of which is displayed on the screens shown in Appendices II, VIII and IX. The data stored can additionally include customer variable data. That is, the fields on Requisition Item Table 46 can be expanded to include specific item details used by a particular customer, especially when reports from requisition databases are transferred to the customer's host computer (not shown). The field structure for these data is maintained in customer-specific databases 42C.

The entire process of listing, sourcing and ordering products using Fisher RIMS system 40 can be completed without any reference to a search program 50. As described herein, however, limited fields on specific items can be transmitted from Requisition Item Table 46 to search program 50, and more completed fields of the same or different items can be received from the search program 50 into a Requisition Item Table 46.

At the bottom of Requisition Management data screen 110 (FIG. 3), and Appendices II, VIII and IX) are several fields which describe the function of various function keys (F1, F2, etc.). The user uses REQI program 44A and its associated Requisition Management data screen 110 to enter the catalog or part numbers and quantities of the various items being requisitioned.

The Account Number and Requisition Number are automatically passed to REQI program 44A and its associated Requisition Management data screen 110, and displayed at the top of the Requisition Management data screen 110 in the relevant fields. For example, in the exemplary Requisition Management data screen 110 shown in Appendix II, the number 218848 has been entered in the Account Number field, and the notation "TEST NEW ONE" has been entered in the Requisition Number field.

The user can next enter desired items and quantities for the requisition. Each desired item may be identified by entering its distributor catalog or part number, if known, in the field below the STOCK NBR label on the appropriate line in Requisition Item Table 46 shown on Requisition management data screen 110. In the sample Requisition Management data screen 110 shown in Appendix II, the part

6,023,683

8

number 13246818F has been entered in the STOCK NBR field of Line 001. Once the user has entered such information at least partially describing a desired item on Requisition Management data screen 110, he or she may wish to initiate a search of catalog database 36 to find all the part numbers contained in catalog database 36 that match the part number entered or other information on Requisition Management screen 110. If so, the user enters the letter "S" (for "Select") on the line number of the item that he or she wishes to search in catalog database 36. The letter "S" has been entered to the left of line 001 on the sample Requisition Management data screen 110 shown in Appendix II. Any number of items, or no items, listed on Requisition Management data screen 110 may be marked with "S."

A user may not always have information relating to the catalog or part number for the particular items that are to be requisitioned using Fisher RIMS system 40. Or, the user may have relevant information about an item from a particular vendor but may wish to locate information about the same or a similar product available from other vendors. Or, the user may simply know the name of the item that he or she wishes to requisition. In any of these cases, the user alternatively or additionally could enter text at least partially describing the product to be requisitioned in the "DESC" field of Requisition Management data screen 110 (e.g., Appendix II). Then, the user would initiate the electronic sourcing system 5 of the present invention to search the vendor product catalogs contained in catalog database 36. Alternatively, the user could initiate search program 50 of electronic sourcing system 5 without having first entered information in RIMS system 40 about the product to be requisitioned.

Once the user has built or partially built Requisition Item Table 46 by filling the line numbers (entries) on Requisition Management data screen 110 and selecting those lines to be searched, he or she is now ready to initiate electronic sourcing system 5. Pressing the F11 function key, which is labelled "Catalog," from Requisition Management screen 110 accesses electronic sourcing system 5.

Referring now to FIG. 2, after the user presses the F11 key on Requisition Management data screen 110 of Fisher RIMS system 40, Fisher RIMS system 40 will pass program control via XCTL 74 to ESRC program 70. XCTL 74 is a protocol within CICS application 34 that directs the execution of a program, as would readily be understood by one of ordinary skill in the art. As control is passed from REQI program 44A to ESRC program 70, ESRC-Comm-AREA data structure 76 is passed. ESRC-Comm-AREA is a layout of storage area in local computer 20 created by REQI program 44A to pass data to ESRC program 70, as would readily be understood by one of ordinary skill in the art.

ESRC program 70 will then LINK 82 to ESCP program 80 with ESCP-Comm-AREA 84. LINK 82 is a protocol within CICS application 32 that directs the execution of a program, as would readily be understood by one of ordinary skill in the art. Data at least partially describing one item desired to be requisitioned is passed to ESCP program 80 via LINK 82. Thus, if there are five items to be passed to ESCP program 80, there will be five LINKS 82 made. If no items are to be passed to ESCP program 80, only one LINK 82 is made to ESCP program 80. ESCP program 80 can return up to twenty items per LINK 82; in other words, for each item desired to be requisitioned up to twenty desired catalog items contained in catalog database 36 may be sent to REQI program 44A and its associated Requisition Management data screen 110 of Fisher RIMS system 40. If a user chooses to terminate the sourcing process, ESRC program 70 would

6,023,683

3

requisition/purchasing system for generating a requisition including entries for the desired catalog items.

In accordance with the invention, an electronic sourcing system and method used by the system are provided. The system includes a computer that maintains a catalog database of data including product information (such as product identification information, and descriptive information) relating to catalog items available from vendor product catalogs, and a means for building (generating) a requisition including at least one requisitioned item. Information at least partially identifying an item desired to be requisitioned is entered by a user, and utilized by a means for searching the database for catalog items matching that information and for selecting at least one catalog item located as a result of the search. Text describing the catalog items, and images of the items, may be viewed. Data identifying selected catalog items are communicated to the requisition building means, which generates a requisition including entries for items corresponding to the selected catalog items. Additionally, the invention includes a means for checking the availability in one or more inventory locations of the corresponding desired catalog items, and for generating one or more purchase orders for desired items from inventory locations stocking the items.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The above and other objects and advantages of the invention will be apparent from consideration of the following detailed description, taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, in which like reference characters refer to like parts throughout, and in which:

FIG. 1A is a block diagram showing one exemplary embodiment of the overall system of the present invention;

FIG. 1B is a block diagram showing another exemplary embodiment of the overall system of the present invention;

FIG. 1C is a block diagram showing a portion of the embodiment of FIG. 1A in greater detail;

FIG. 2 is a block diagram showing the flow of control and interaction between the various programs and data screens of the programs used for requisition management and vendor catalog searching of the present invention; and

FIG. 3 is a block diagram showing a portion of a system (Fisher RIMS) for requisition management, including the electronic sourcing system of the present invention.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

FIGS. 1A and 1B show preferred embodiments of the electronic sourcing system 5 of the present invention. As shown in FIG. 1A, a local computer 20, which is preferably located at or near a Customer site and the site of Just-In-Time ("JIT") Inventory, is preferably used by an on-site Customer Service Representative ("CSR") dedicated to a Customer to assist that Customer in requisitioning items needed.

Local computer 20 includes conventional color monitor 22 and alphanumerical keyboard 24 including twelve function keys F1, F2, . . . F12. Local computer 20 is also coupled to printer 26.

Local computer 20 is preferably a conventional microcomputer (such as a 386-, 486- or Pentium-class personal computer) capable of operating the required programs and of transmitting and receiving the required communications, running the OS/2 operating system 32 and also running the CICS OS/2 application 34, both of which are available from IBM.

4

Electronic sourcing system 5 also includes a requisition/purchasing system 40, preferably but not necessarily the Fisher RIMS system, and a search program 50 that is capable of searching through large volumes of information quickly and accurately. Preferably but not necessarily, the Technical Viewer 2 search program ("TV/2"), available from IBM, is used as search program 50. As shown in the embodiment of FIG. 1A, Fisher RIMS 40 and TV/2 search program 50 are run by local computer 20.

Fisher RIMS system 40 is comprised of numerous program modules, including several programs 44, which operate within CICS environment 34 of OS/2 operating system 32. Programs 44 include, among others, Requisition Management ("REQI") program 44A, Inventory Sourcing program or programs 44B, Requisition Maintenance program 44C, Customer Variable program 44D, and Order Header program 44E, each of which will later be described in greater detail. REQI program 44A is most often the RIMS program 44 that interfaces with TV/2 search program 50.

Fisher RIMS system 40 also includes several Fisher RIMS databases 42. These databases 42 preferably include requisition databases 42A, inventory databases 42B, and customer-specific databases 42C, each maintained within OS/2 operating system 32.

Local computer 20 also preferably runs Shell program 52, which operates under search program 50 and is used to customize search program 50 to generate Order Lists 48 (shown in FIG. 1C) with particular fields of formatted data about the items selected using search program 50. Local computer 20 is preferably capable of running both a RIMS program 44 and Shell program 52 at the same time (i.e., in a multi-tasking environment), but the user of local computer 20 usually sees only RIMS program 44 or Shell program 52 at one time in the foreground on monitor 22.

Local computer 20 is also provided with a catalog database 36 comprised preferably of at least two vendor product catalogs. The catalogs, and hence catalog database 36, preferably include such information as part number, price, catalog number, vendor name or I.D., and vendor catalog number, as well as textual information and images of or relating to the catalog products. The nature of the business that the Customer using electronic sourcing system 5 conducts will determine which product catalogs are made a part of catalog database 36.

A feature of the present invention is the ability to search multiple catalogs from different suppliers. For example, catalog database 36 can contain the catalog or catalogs published by a vendor Distributor, having Distributor's catalog numbers for all listed products and vendor manufacturer's part numbers for many of the listed products. Catalog database 36 can further contain catalogs published by some of the vendor manufacturers, listing the manufacturers' part numbers for certain products correspondingly listed in the Distributor's catalogs and for certain products not listed in the Distributor's catalogs. Catalog database 36 can further contain catalogs published by outside suppliers, whether other manufacturers or other distributors, listing such vendor's products different from those in the Distributor's catalogs.

Where the Fisher RIMS system is in use with electronic sourcing system 5, a host computer 10 located at a Distributor site is also provided, as shown in FIG. 1A. Host computer 10 controls all inventory, pricing and requisitioning operations of the Distributor's regularly stocked items using host pricing and inventory databases 11. Host pricing and inventory databases 11 may include such information as: descrip-

**Tab R. “Means for entering product information that at least partially describes at least one desired item”**

**Means: Structure #2**

<b><u>Lawson's Proposed Definition</u></b>	<b><u>Lawson's Proposed Definition</u></b>
<p><b><u>Part 2a.</u></b> displaying a search screen on the monitor of local computer; and</p>	<p>“If the user desires to do additional searching in catalog database 36 that is not connected to catalog or other items that have been listed on Requisition Management data screen 110 of Fisher RIMS system 40, <b>he or she can click the box on footer bar of Shell 52 that is labelled ‘Search.’ Then, a Search screen comes up on monitor 22 of local computer 20.</b> An exemplary Search screen is shown in <b>Appendix VII.</b> In this screen, the usual footer bar is visible in the background, but is not active.” (‘172 patent, Detailed Description of the Invention, 12:6-14 (emphasis added))</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>APPENDIX VII</b></p> <hr/> <p style="text-align: center;">SEARCH</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Page: Search For: Part Number: <input type="radio"/> Fisher <input type="radio"/> Vendor <input type="radio"/> Customer</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Vendor Name: Bulletin: HELP SEARCH CANCEL CLEAR USER DATA EXTENDED</p> <p style="text-align: center;">(‘172 patent, Appendix VII)</p>

## Tab R: "Means for entering product information that at least partially describes at least one desired item"

US 6,505,172 B1

11

can be used to bring up for viewing on monitor 22, or printing on printer 26, images and text from the catalog page on which the item selected is located. For example, as shown in Appendix III, page 1106 of the Fisher catalog has been selected. If the user double clicks on highlighted page 1106, the text shown in Appendix IV (and related images, not shown) would appear on monitor 22. On the sample screen shown in Appendix IV, the item that appears on page 1106 of the Fisher catalog relates to Fisher Isotemp 800 Series Programmable Ovens. Conventional scroll bars appearing on the screen (not shown in Appendix IV) enable the user to scroll through additional catalog information (text and/or images) not yet displayed on the screen. An example of such additional textual information is depicted on the screen shown in Appendix V.

On the screen of Appendix V, the vendor distributor's catalog number ("Cat. No.") 13-246-818F is highlighted. The catalog number of an item normally appears in blue in a screen such as Appendix V. This blue lettering is used for catalog numbers, trademarks, footnotes and other entries for which database 36 contains additional information or cross-references (called hyperlinks). When a search is conducted and the catalog segments of the resultant hit list are reviewed, the test corresponding to the search parameter is highlighted in red. Thus, in Appendix V, catalog number 13-246-818F (identified in the search) appears in red, while catalog number 13-246-838F and the trademark Isotemp each appear in blue. A word, vendor part number or catalog number located by the search will appear red, even if that word or number did not have an associated hyperlink (and thus is not normally blue).

When in search program 50, particular items selected can be added to an Order List 48 pending in Shell 52 and search program 50. When the Ordering portion of catalog text is viewed (as in Appendix V), particular items can be selected so as to be added to the Order List 48 by double clicking on the highlighted catalog number (even if a different field was also highlighted as a result of a search of catalog database 36). The item is then added to an Order List 48 that is created in Shell 52 via a hypertext link. The items that are sent to the Order List 48 are collected and shown on the Items Selected screen of Shell 52. An example of an Items Selected screen of Shell 52 is shown in Appendix VI. The Items Selected screen depicts certain fields of Order List 48 that can be viewed and edited within search program 50. For example, Shell 52 permits the user via a pop-up window (not shown) to select units, e.g. pack or case, and quantity to be ordered, e.g. two packs. Alternatively, the data in these fields can default to one of the smallest unit and the units can be changed when the order is reviewed in REQI program 44A. Additional fields on the same items are also present in memory at this stage. Upon clicking on "Order" when the Items Selected screen (Appendix VI) is viewed, many or all of these fields on the items in the Order List are transmitted back to REQI program 44A (via the programs of interface 60 shown in FIG. 2) to be added to the pending Requisition Item Table 46. The sample Items Selected screen shown in Appendix VI includes the Isotemp Oven with catalog number 1324818F that was located as a result of the search for all items in catalog database 36 that match the part number 13246818F that was entered in the STOCK NBR field of REQI program 44A and its associated Requisition Management data screen 110 of Fisher RIMS system 40.

The following fields are transferred to Order List 48 created in TV/2 search program 50: Vendor name, vendor number, vendor part (catalog) number, product description, list price, page number, quantity, unit and catalog text.

12

However, not all of these fields are viewed on the Items Selected screen.

If more than one item on Requisition Management data screen 110 had been marked with an "S," the process described above is repeated.

If the user desires to do additional searching in catalog database 36 that is not connected to catalog or other items that have been listed on Requisition Management data screen 110 of Fisher RIMS system 40, he or she can click the box on footer bar of Shell 52 that is labelled "Search." Then, a Search screen comes up on monitor 22 of local computer 20. An exemplary Search screen is shown in Appendix VII. In this screen, the usual footer bar is visible in the background, but is not active.

Using the Search screen, a user can search catalog database 36 by page, text description, part number (where the user has the further option to search by Fisher part number, for example if Fisher is to be the desired vendor), Vendor part number, vendor name (for vendors other than Fisher), or bulletin. Stock numbers specific to the customer can also be present in catalog database 36 and searched using the screen of Appendix VII. "Bulletin" refers to an additional vendor publication with detailed product information that may not be included in a vendor catalog. Searching for information contained in bulletins may be done by bulletin number, but only if bulletins have been made a part of catalog database 36. For purposes of this disclosure, bulletins when included in a catalog database are considered a type of catalog.

After the user has entered the field to be searched on the Search Screen, the user clicks on the "SEARCH" box near the bottom of the Search Screen. A Hit List 47 indicating all items from catalog database 36 that match the search field that was entered on the Search Screen then is generated. Then, in a manner similar to that described previously, the user can scroll through the Hit List 47 and double click on the catalog page or panel desired. The user may then also view the detailed information located on the catalog page that was selected from the Hit List 47. During the search, the user may also add additional items to the Order List 48 being built in Shell 52 if desired, whether those additional items had been selected from the Hit List 47 or not.

The Order List that the user has built in Shell 52 is maintained on the Items Selected screen, shown in Appendix VI. From the Items Selected screen, the user can cancel the order by clicking on the "Cancel" box at the bottom of the screen, delete an item from the Order List 48 by moving the pointer bar to the item to be deleted and then clicking on the "Delete" box at the bottom of the screen, or delete all items by clicking on the "Delete All" box. The user can also view catalog text and images for a particular item by clicking on the "Description" box.

Once the user has completely built the Order List 48 within Shell 52 and TV/2 search program 50, he or she can transmit it to Fisher RIMS system 40. This is accomplished by clicking on the "Order" box at the bottom of the Items Selected screen to communicate the completed Order List 48 to Fisher RIMS system 40.

The user may have selected no items, one item or several items from the catalogs contained in catalog database 36 by using TV/2 search program 50. If no items have been selected, the original items that were entered on Requisition Item Table 46 of Requisition Management data screen 110 will remain on that screen and will continue to be processed by Fisher RIMS system 40. If one or several desired catalog items were selected in TV/2 search program 50, the first item selected will replace the original item on Requisition Item Table 46 of Requisition Management data screen 110. Addi-

**Tab R. “Means for entering product information that at least partially describes at least one desired item”**

**Means: Structure #2**

<b><u>Lawson's Proposed Definition</u></b>	<b><u>Lawson's Proposed Definition</u></b>
<p><b><u>Part 2b.</u></b> entering search criteria (e.g., catalog page number, keyword, part number) for item to be searched.</p>	<p>“Catalog database 36 contains the following fields: vendor name, vendor number, vendor part (catalog) number, product description, list price, page number, quantity, unit, catalog text, and catalog images.” (‘172 patent, Detailed Description of the Invention, 9:13-16)</p> <p>“An exemplary Search screen is shown in <b>Appendix VII</b>. In this screen, the usual footer bar is visible in the background, but is not active. Using the Search screen, <b>a user can search catalog database 36 by page, text description, part number (where the user has the further option to search by Fisher part number, for example if Fisher is to be the desired vendor), Vendor part number, vendor name (for vendors other than Fisher), or bulletin</b>. Stock numbers specific to the customer can also be present in catalog database 36 and searched using the screen of <b>Appendix VII.</b>” (‘172 patent, Detailed Description of the Invention, 12:12-22 (emphasis added))</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>APPENDIX VII</b></p> <hr/> <p style="text-align: center;">SEARCH</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Page: _____</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Search For: _____</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Part Number: <input type="radio"/> Fisher <input type="radio"/> Vendor <input type="radio"/> Customer</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Vendor Name: _____</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Bulletin: _____</p> <p style="text-align: center;">HELP SEARCH CANCEL CLEAR USER</p> <p style="text-align: center;">DATA EXTENDED</p> <p style="text-align: center;">(‘172 patent, Appendix VII)</p>

US 6,505,172 B1

9

be requisitioned up to twenty desired catalog items contained in catalog database **36** may be sent to REQI program **44A** and its associated Requisition Management data screen **110** of Fisher RIMS system **40**. If a user chooses to terminate the sourcing process, ESRC program **70** would return to REQI program **44A** and its associated Requisition Management data screen **110** without processing any of the records.

ESCP program **80** links with Shell **52** and TV/2 search program **50** via DDE LINK **90**. Shell **52** and TV/2 search program **50** search in catalog database **36** for the item or items desired to be requisitioned that has or have been passed from ESRC program **70** to ESCP program **80**. Catalog database **36** contains the following fields: vendor name, vendor number, vendor part (catalog) number, product description, list price, page number, quantity, unit, catalog text, and catalog images. Shell **52** and TV/2 search program **50** may, if desired, search the keyword field or any other field shown in Appendix VII. However, not all fields may appear on the monitor **22** of local computer **20**, although they are stored in memory.

After the user has pressed the F11 key from Requisition Management data screen **110** and control has been passed from REQI program **44A** to Shell **52** and TV/2 search program **50**, monitor **22** of local computer **20** will show a footer bar representative of Shell **52** at all times that the user is in the TV/2 search program **50**. The footer bar, which also includes appropriate icons, is used to make choices within Shell **52**. A sample of the footer bar (without the icons) representing Shell **52** is shown at the base of Appendices III–VII. In the screens of Appendices III–VI, this footer bar is active to select functions. In the screen of Appendix VII, this footer bar is in the background and another footer bar is used to select functions.

If the user has marked an item on Requisition Management data screen **110** with the designation "S," the entered data at least partially describing that item will be sent to Shell **52** and TV/2 search program **50A** in the manner described above. TV/2 search program **50** will search catalog database **36** for all items that match the search field sent over from REQI program **44A** and Requisition Management data screen **110**. When a search is performed in Shell **52** and search program **50**, a Hit List **47** is produced, as indicated in FIG. 1C. The user would see on monitor **22** of local computer **20** a Hit List **47** screen representing limited data about all matching catalog items that were located in catalog database **36** as a result of the search. A sample Hit List **47** produced from a search initiated when the entry "OVENS" is received as the description or keyword by search program **50** from Requisition Item Table **46** is shown in Appendix III. Similar Hit Lists **47** are produced when various searches are performed from the Search Input screen shown in Appendix VII. When a Hit List **47** is depicted on monitor **22**, the underlying catalog text and pictures (in either partial or complete form) are typically collected in a memory location for rapid viewing, printing or other use.

When multiple catalogs are present in catalog database **36**, search program **50** contains a function associated with the catalog symbol of the footer bar and screen window (not shown) for selecting catalogs to be searched. For example, the following choices might be available:

1. Fisher General Catalog 93–94;
2. Fairmont Supplies Catalog;
3. NIST Standards Catalog; and
4. Promega Biological Research Products Catalog.

Fairmont and NIST catalogs list products not in the Fisher General Catalog, but many of the products listed in the

10

Promega catalog are also listed in the Fisher General Catalog (identified by corresponding Fisher catalog numbers). If searching for a molecular biology product, the user would select the Fisher and Promega catalogs. TV/2 search program **50** would then concatenate those two catalogs to perform a keyword, catalog number or other subject search and generate a Hit List of pages (panels) from both catalogs where the searched-for items were found. Similarly, the user might select the Fisher and NIST catalogs when searching for quality control standards or might select the Fisher and Fairmont catalogs when searching for supplies.

If the search is initiated from requisition/purchasing program **40**, for example from the Requisition Management data screen **110** of the Fisher RIMS system, then the catalogs searched can be determined by the information provided. If, for example, Promega is indicated as the desired requisition item vendor, interface **60** would direct TV/2 search program **50** to search the Fisher and Fairmont catalogs. If no catalog delimiting information is entered for the item desired to be requisitioned, interface **60** would be set up to search only the Fisher catalog or, alternatively, to search all catalogs in catalog database **36**.

Once Hit List **47** has been created by TV/2 search program **50**, the user can view it and select particular ones of the located catalog items for Order List **48** that is being created in Shell **52**, as shown in FIG. 1C. For example, a search for "Eco RI," a restriction enzyme, may have uncovered five entries in the Promega catalog (identified by Promega catalog numbers R6011, R6012, R6013, R6015 and R401) and five entries in the Fisher catalog (identified by Fisher catalog numbers PRR6011, PRR6012, PRR6013, PRR6015 and PRR4014). If the user selected PRR6012 from the Fisher catalog, Fisher catalog number PRR6012 would be added as an entry to the Items Selected screen, with VN00000001 (identifying the vendor as distributor Fisher) accompanying it in the Order List **48**. If the user instead selected the item identified by catalog number R6012 from the Promega catalog, then Promega catalog number R6012 would be added as an entry to the Items Selected screen, with VN00005860 (identifying the vendor as Promega) accompanying it in the Order List. In either case, the information transmitted to REQI program **44A** of Fisher RIMS system **40** would also include description, list price and other information taken from the catalog database from which the selection was made. When the resultant requisition is sourced, however (as described below), Distributor's mainframe host computer **10** would recognize the entry for the item from vendor Promega's catalog (R6012, 00005860) as corresponding to that same item available from Fisher's catalog (PRR6012, 00000001). The system thus would transmit back the Customer's contract price and availability for corresponding item PRR6012 as a type **03** (regular Distributor) product available from one of distributor's inventory locations. A purchase order then would be generated for this corresponding Distributor item as further described below.

By contrast, an item selected from the Fairmont catalog would be transferred to Fisher RIMS system **40** with the vendor number for Fairmont, and would be recognized during inventory sourcing as either a type **07** product (that Distributor orders from Fairmont) or as a type **05** item (that customer orders from Fairmont as an Administrative Purchase). In either of these two cases, a purchase order would be generated for an item, corresponding to a desired catalog item, that is identified by the same Fairmont catalog number that was requisitioned.

After the desired item has been selected from the Hit List **47** by double clicking on that item TV/2 search program **50**

## Tab R: "Means for entering product information that at least partially describes at least one desired item"

US 6,505,172 B1

11

can be used to bring up for viewing on monitor 22, or printing on printer 26, images and text from the catalog page on which the item selected is located. For example, as shown in Appendix III, page 1106 of the Fisher catalog has been selected. If the user double clicks on highlighted page 1106, the text shown in Appendix IV (and related images, not shown) would appear on monitor 22. On the sample screen shown in Appendix IV, the item that appears on page 1106 of the Fisher catalog relates to Fisher Isotemp 800 Series Programmable Ovens. Conventional scroll bars appearing on the screen (not shown in Appendix IV) enable the user to scroll through additional catalog information (text and/or images) not yet displayed on the screen. An example of such additional textual information is depicted on the screen shown in Appendix V.

On the screen of Appendix V, the vendor distributor's catalog number ("Cat. No.") 13-246-818F is highlighted. The catalog number of an item normally appears in blue in a screen such as Appendix V. This blue lettering is used for catalog numbers, trademarks, footnotes and other entries for which database 36 contains additional information or cross-references (called hyperlinks). When a search is conducted and the catalog segments of the resultant hit list are reviewed, the test corresponding to the search parameter is highlighted in red. Thus, in Appendix V, catalog number 13-246-818F (identified in the search) appears in red, while catalog number 13-246-838F and the trademark Isotemp each appear in blue. A word, vendor part number or catalog number located by the search will appear red, even if that word or number did not have an associated hyperlink (and thus is not normally blue).

When in search program 50, particular items selected can be added to an Order List 48 pending in Shell 52 and search program 50. When the Ordering portion of catalog text is viewed (as in Appendix V), particular items can be selected so as to be added to the Order List 48 by double clicking on the highlighted catalog number (even if a different field was also highlighted as a result of a search of catalog database 36). The item is then added to an Order List 48 that is created in Shell 52 via a hypertext link. The items that are sent to the Order List 48 are collected and shown on the Items Selected screen of Shell 52. An example of an Items Selected screen of Shell 52 is shown in Appendix VI. The Items Selected screen depicts certain fields of Order List 48 that can be viewed and edited within search program 50. For example, Shell 52 permits the user via a pop-up window (not shown) to select units, e.g. pack or case, and quantity to be ordered, e.g. two packs. Alternatively, the data in these fields can default to one of the smallest unit and the units can be changed when the order is reviewed in REQI program 44A. Additional fields on the same items are also present in memory at this stage. Upon clicking on "Order" when the Items Selected screen (Appendix VI) is viewed, many or all of these fields on the items in the Order List are transmitted back to REQI program 44A (via the programs of interface 60 shown in FIG. 2) to be added to the pending Requisition Item Table 46. The sample Items Selected screen shown in Appendix VI includes the Isotemp Oven with catalog number 1324818F that was located as a result of the search for all items in catalog database 36 that match the part number 13246818F that was entered in the STOCK NBR field of REQI program 44A and its associated Requisition Management data screen 110 of Fisher RIMS system 40.

The following fields are transferred to Order List 48 created in TV/2 search program 50: Vendor name, vendor number, vendor part (catalog) number, product description, list price, page number, quantity, unit and catalog text.

12

However, not all of these fields are viewed on the Items Selected screen.

If more than one item on Requisition Management data screen 110 had been marked with an "S," the process described above is repeated.

If the user desires to do additional searching in catalog database 36 that is not connected to catalog or other items that have been listed on Requisition Management data screen 110 of Fisher RIMS system 40, he or she can click the box on footer bar of Shell 52 that is labelled "Search." Then, a Search screen comes up on monitor 22 of local computer 20. An exemplary Search screen is shown in Appendix VII. In this screen, the usual footer bar is visible in the background, but is not active.

Using the Search screen, a user can search catalog database 36 by page, text description, part number (where the user has the further option to search by Fisher part number, for example if Fisher is to be the desired vendor), Vendor part number, vendor name (for vendors other than Fisher), or bulletin. Stock numbers specific to the customer can also be present in catalog database 36 and searched using the screen of Appendix VII. "Bulletin" refers to an additional vendor publication with detailed product information that may not be included in a vendor catalog. Searching for information contained in bulletins may be done by bulletin number, but only if bulletins have been made a part of catalog database 36. For purposes of this disclosure, bulletins when included in a catalog database are considered a type of catalog.

After the user has entered the field to be searched on the Search Screen, the user clicks on the "SEARCH" box near the bottom of the Search Screen. A Hit List 47 indicating all items from catalog database 36 that match the search field that was entered on the Search Screen then is generated. Then, in a manner similar to that described previously, the user can scroll through the Hit List 47 and double click on the catalog page or panel desired. The user may then also view the detailed information located on the catalog page that was selected from the Hit List 47. During the search, the user may also add additional items to the Order List 48 being built in Shell 52 if desired, whether those additional items had been selected from the Hit List 47 or not.

The Order List that the user has built in Shell 52 is maintained on the Items Selected screen, shown in Appendix VI. From the Items Selected screen, the user can cancel the order by clicking on the "Cancel" box at the bottom of the screen, delete an item from the Order List 48 by moving the pointer bar to the item to be deleted and then clicking on the "Delete" box at the bottom of the screen, or delete all items by clicking on the "Delete All" box. The user can also view catalog text and images for a particular item by clicking on the "Description" box.

Once the user has completely built the Order List 48 within Shell 52 and TV/2 search program 50, he or she can transmit it to Fisher RIMS system 40. This is accomplished by clicking on the "Order" box at the bottom of the Items Selected screen to communicate the completed Order List 48 to Fisher RIMS system 40.

The user may have selected no items, one item or several items from the catalogs contained in catalog database 36 by using TV/2 search program 50. If no items have been selected, the original items that were entered on Requisition Item Table 46 of Requisition Management data screen 110 will remain on that screen and will continue to be processed by Fisher RIMS system 40. If one or several desired catalog items were selected in TV/2 search program 50, the first item selected will replace the original item on Requisition Item Table 46 of Requisition Management data screen 110. Addi-